



ZÁKLADNÍ ŠKOLA OLOMOUC

příspěvková organizace

MOZARTOVA 48, 779 00 OLOMOUC

tel.: 585 427 142, 775 116 442; fax: 585 422 713

email: kundrum@centrum.cz; www.zs-mozartova.cz



evropský
sociální
fond v ČR



EVROPSKÁ UNIE



MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



OP Vzdělávání
pro konkurenceschopnost

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Projekt: ŠKOLA RADOSTI, ŠKOLA KVALITY

Registrační číslo projektu: CZ.1.07/1.4.00/21.3688

EU PENÍZE ŠKOLÁM

Operační program Vzdělávání pro konkurenceschopnost



ZÁKLADNÍ ŠKOLA OLOMOUC

příspěvková organizace

MOZARTOVA 48, 779 00 OLOMOUC

tel.: 585 427 142, 775 116 442; fax: 585 422 713

email: kundrum@centrum.cz; www.zs-mozartova.cz

Autor:	<i>Mgr. Lenka Panglová</i>
Vzdělávací oblast:	<i>Jazyk a jazyková komunikace</i>
Vzdělávací obor:	<i>Anglický jazyk</i>
Vyučovací předmět:	<i>Anglický jazyk</i>
Ročník:	<i>7.</i>
Tematická oblast:	<i>Gramatické jevy</i>
Téma hodiny:	<i>Past simple - questions</i>
Označení DUM:	<i>VY_32_INOVACE_27.05.PAN.AJ.7</i>
Vytvořeno:	<i>30. 08. 2013</i>

Remember the verbs?

- 2 types:

Full verbs

- carry the meaning



Auxiliary verbs

- no meaning
- help to make (?) and (-)
- in past simple – **DID** for all the persons !

Let's make a question ;)

He came home in the evening yesterday.

SUBJECT

FULL VERB



Full verb cannot make a question.

My older sister didn't tell me about the party.

SUBJECT

AUXILIARY VERB

FULL VERB



Auxiliary verb has no meaning but makes a question.

Did your older sister tell you about the party ?

So how about this one, then?

He came home in the evening yesterday.

↑ SUBJECT ↑ FULL VERB

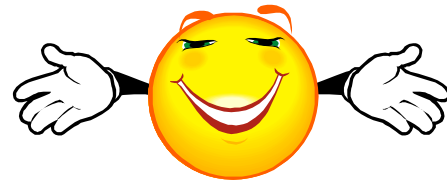


Full verb cannot make a question.

Auxiliary verb has no meaning but makes a question.

What's the auxiliary verb in past?

DID



DID he come home in the evening yesterday ?

Watch the full verbs.

He saw our neighbour in front of the shop.

FULL VERB

Did he see our neighbour in front of the shop?

- Auxiliary verb **DID** accepted the past simple form so **full verb is in INFINITIVE**

NOT

Did he ~~saw~~ our neighbour in front of the shop?
see

Change the statements into questions.

(Remember to distinguish the verbs)

You didn't write the test well.

Did you write the test well?

She did her homework right after school.

did -> do

Did she do her homework right after school?

DID = WRITE

They went to the cinema last night.

!!! full verb !!!

Did they go to the cinema last night?

What
now?



Make questions and ask your friend.

What? Where? When? How often? Who ... with?

watch TV

go shopping

use the Internet

read a newspaper

play computer games

go out in the evening

go jogging

do a sport

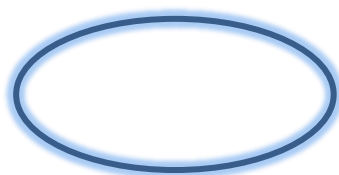
listen to music

invite friends home

go dancing

Use DID + infinitive ;o)

WH-



... ?

Remember the verbs?

- 2 types:

Full verbs

- carry the meaning

Auxiliary verbs

- no meaning
- help to make (?) and (-)
- in past simple – **DID** for all the persons !
- **WAS, WERE** when there is no full verb



Questions with **WAS** and **WERE**

He **was** at home yesterday.

AUXILIARY VERB can make question

WAS he at home yesterday?

Your classmates **were** at the cinema 2 days ago.

WERE they at the cinema 2 days ago?

They **visited** Premiere Cinemas in Olomouc.

FULL VERB

DID they visit Premiere Cinemas in Olomouc?



ZÁKLADNÍ ŠKOLA OLOMOUČ

příspěvková organizace

MOZARTOVA 48, 779 00 OLOMOUČ

tel.: 585 427 142, 775 116 442; fax: 585 422 713

email: kundrum@centrum.cz; www.zs-mozartova.cz

Seznam použité literatury a pramenů:

HUTCHINSON, T. *Project 3 Third Edition Student's Book*. Oxford : OUP, 2008, ISBN 978-0-19-476310-3. s. 11, 14-15, 18.

HUTCHINSON, T., EDWARDS, L. *Project Third edition - Workbook + CD-ROM*. Oxford : OUP, 2008, ISBN 987 0 19 476355 4. s. 6-7, 68.

Použité zdroje:

Obrazový materiál je použit z galerie obrázků a klipartů Microsoft Office.